### **Fast Dreamer**

### **Stewards Summary**

Fast Dreamer was forwardly placed the entire race, dug in to finish second and appeared to jump a shadow at the finish line. He pulled up abruptly and required the assistance of the KHRC veterinarians and the horse ambulance.

# Trainer:

Trainer Cheryl Winebaugh stated that the horse, who was making his third start, had also appeared to jump a shadow in a previous race. She stated that the horse had run in a stake at Arlington in his previous start and had trained very well coming into this race with no issues.

# Jockey:

Mitchell Murrill stated that he had ridden the horse in his first race, that he warmed up fine and he had no concern about him during the post parade. He did comment that the track surface was a little deep and loose. He stated that he felt something go wrong right at the finish, pulled him up quickly and dismounted.

# Veterinary Review

- This 2 year-old colt, trained by Cheryl Winebaugh and owned by Kenneth E. Fishbein, sustained an injury to his right forelimb at Keeneland on October 4, 2019 in the 5<sup>th</sup> race, a Maiden Special Weight run at 6 furlongs on a fast dirt track. The colt finished second and appeared to duck out at the finish line and quickly pulled up after the wire.
- KHRC veterinarians administered a sedative/analgesic to assist in loading the horse for transport and minimize further injury. He was taken to his barn where he was evaluated by his private veterinarian, Dr. Robert Landry. Radiographs were taken and due to the complexity of the fractures noted, euthanasia was recommended.
- The body was submitted to University of Kentucky Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory for necropsy.

#### Review of pre-race exam findings and exam history

• A review of pre-race exam findings for the Case horse and unaffected cohorts (Controls) from the same race was performed. These horses were lightly campaigned and the pre-race exam findings were very minimal. No concerns were noted in the jog scores other than the control horse was noted to be moderately wild and unruly. He was put on the watch list to give extra attention to in the saddling paddock and at the starting gate.

#### Review of the 60-day treatment report

• The trainer provided veterinary records for the previous 60 days. Veterinary treatments were very minimal and routine.

# Analysis of risk factors and other criteria (case horse compared to uninjured cohorts)

Age at first start
 Case horse: 899 days
 Controls range: 775-962 days
 Controls mean: 895.5 days
 Controls median: 897 days

Comments: No significant difference from cohorts

Age at first breeze
 Case horse: 828 days
 Controls range: 698-885 days
 Controls mean: 817.5 days
 Controls median: 814 days

Comments: No significant difference from cohorts

- Age on 10/4/2019
   Case horse: 954 days
   Controls range: 875-962 days
   Controls mean: 924 days
   Controls median: 919 days
   Comments: No significant difference from cohorts
- Owner/breeder?
   Case horse: No
   Controls horses: Yes: 4/11 No: 7/11
- Horse acquired through claim? Case horse: No Control horses: No: 11/11
- Days in training (1<sup>st</sup> published work to race date) Case horse: 126 days Controls range: 56-116 days Controls mean: 92.7 days Controls median: 103 days Comment: No significant difference from cohorts
- Cumulative high speed furlongs (racing and training) Case horse: 50.5 Controls range: 34-92 Controls mean: 51.2

Controls median: 46 Comments: No significant difference from cohorts

• High speed furlongs per day in training (Day 1=date of 1<sup>st</sup> published work)

Case horse: .4f/day Control horses range: .29-.859/day Control mean: .559f/day Control median: .583f/day Comments: No significant difference from cohorts

• Interval from previous start

Case horse: 27 days Control horses range: 15-94 days (N=4) Control horses mean: 41.5 days Control horses median: 28 days Comment: 7 horses in this race were first time starters.

- First time starter? Case horse: No Control horses: No: 4/11 Yes: 7/11
- Apprentice Jockey?
   Case horse: No
   Control horses: No: 11/11
- Drop in class from previous start? Case horse: Yes Control horses: No: 4/11 Comment: 7 first time starters
- Double drop in class from previous start? Case horse: No Control horses: No: 4/11
- Raise in class from previous start? Case horse: No Control horses: No: 4/11
- Number of times claimed in the preceding 6 months Case horse: 0 Control horses: 0: 4/11
- Number of starts in preceding 30 days Case horse: 1 Control horses: 0: 9/11 1: 1/11 2: 1/11

- Number of starts in preceding 60 days Case horse: 2 Control horses: 0: 8/11 1: 2/11 2: 1/11
- Cumulative high-speed furlongs in preceding 30 days Case horse: 18
   Control horses range: 8-26
   Control horses mean: 16.1
   Control horses median: 17
- Cumulative high-speed furlongs in preceding 60 days Case horse: 28.5 Control horses range: 18-38 Control horses mean: 28.1 Control horses median: 31
- Number of layoffs 30 ≥ days in preceding 6 months Case horse: 0 Control horses: 0: 9/11 1: 1/11 2: 1/11
- First start off <u>>60 day layoff?</u>
   Case horse: No
   Control horses: No: 10/11 Yes: 1/11
- Second start off ≥ 60 day layoff? Case horse: No Control horses: No: 11/11
- Length of <u>></u>60 day layoff ending in the preceding 6 months Case horse: 0
   Control horses range (n=1) 96 days
   Control horses mean: 96
   Control horses median: 96
- History of being vet listed Case horse: No Control horses: No: 10/11 Yes: 1/11 (sick)

# **Review of necropsy and Drug Testing results**

• **Drug testing:** No prohibited substances detected. No therapeutic medication detected above regulatory threshold concentrations.

Note: Only blood was submitted for analysis. Urine collection does not usually occur for horses euthanized. The diagnostic laboratory is instructed to collect urine if it is present in the horse's bladder, but it rarely is. While a blood only sample is subjected to the broadest scope of analysis possible, that scope is reduced compared to what can be applied to a paired blood/urine sample.

# • Necropsy report:

Musculo-skeletal diagnosis: Right forelimb: Comminuted fractures of the radial carpal bone and third carpal bone

No abnormalities were present on heart, liver, spleen , kidneys, stomach, small and large intestines.

• Conclusions:

There were no historic factors which would raise concerns relating to this breakdown. The one factor was the jump to the right at the finish line. It is likely that the fractures in the right carpus occurred when this jump to the right took place.